

Kawartha Summer Cruise

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Kawartha Summer Cruise

Introduction



Here are photos from a 5-day cruise on a unique waterway connecting lakes and rivers in scenic central Ontario.

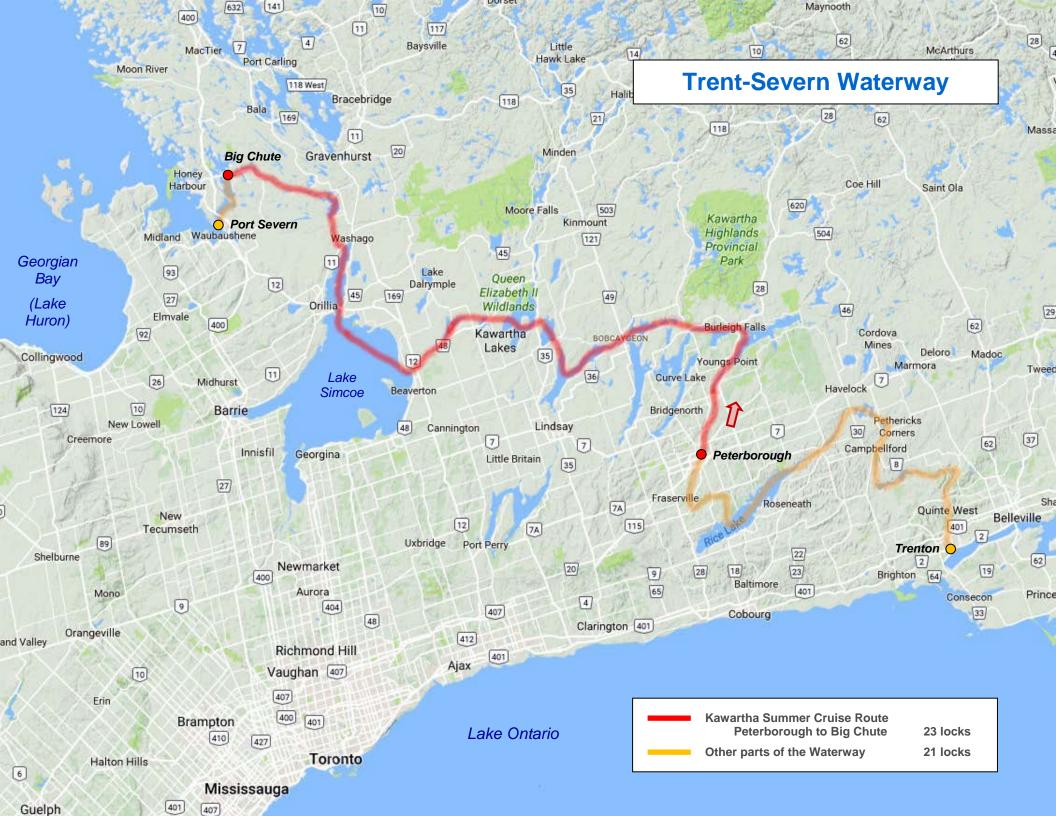
Some 11,000 years ago central Ontario started to emerge from the Ice Age's last retreating glaciers. Nature's processes of freezing and thawing, wrenching and resting, carved out the Trent and Severn watersheds. The Kawartha region is too rugged for agriculture, but the natural beauty of its lakes and forests is unique.

The Trent-Severn Waterway connects together some of the major lakes and rivers of the region to connect Lake Ontario to Lake Huron, bypassing Niagara Falls and Lake Erie.

Construction of what is now a 386 km (240 mile) canal system began in 1833 with the construction of a single lock in the middle of the Kawartha Lakes. The system evolved in fits and starts over the decades, depending on currents in local, provincial, and federal politics.

Although originally intended for commercial purposes, by the time it was completed in 1920 railways and larger boats made it largely obsolete.

But the Trent-Severn waterway has been a boon for tourism, and the 44 locks which link lakes and rivers across central Ontario are now used by a wide variety of recreational boaters ... and this mini cruise.







Day 1 We pull away from the dock in Peterborough promptly at 7 a.m.

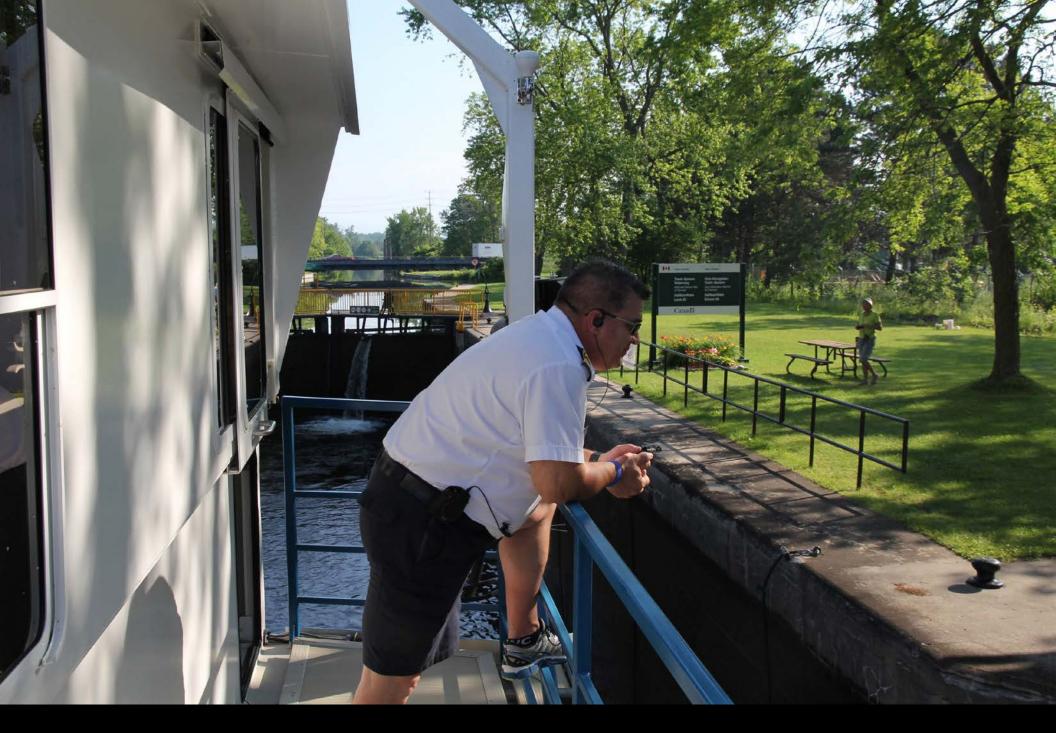
Departure The canal locks are first-come first served, and we want to be in line early.



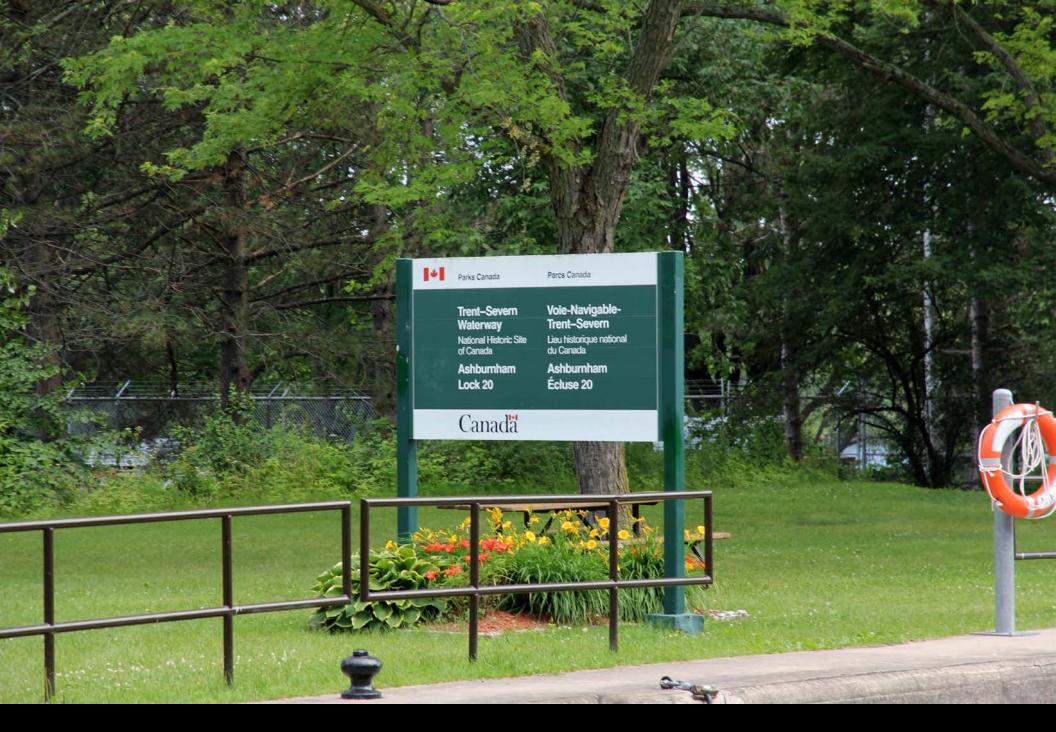
Departure The crew tops up the fuel at a local gas bar and then we're on our way.



Ashburnham Our first locks are within the city of Peterborough.
This is Ashburnham, Lock 20.



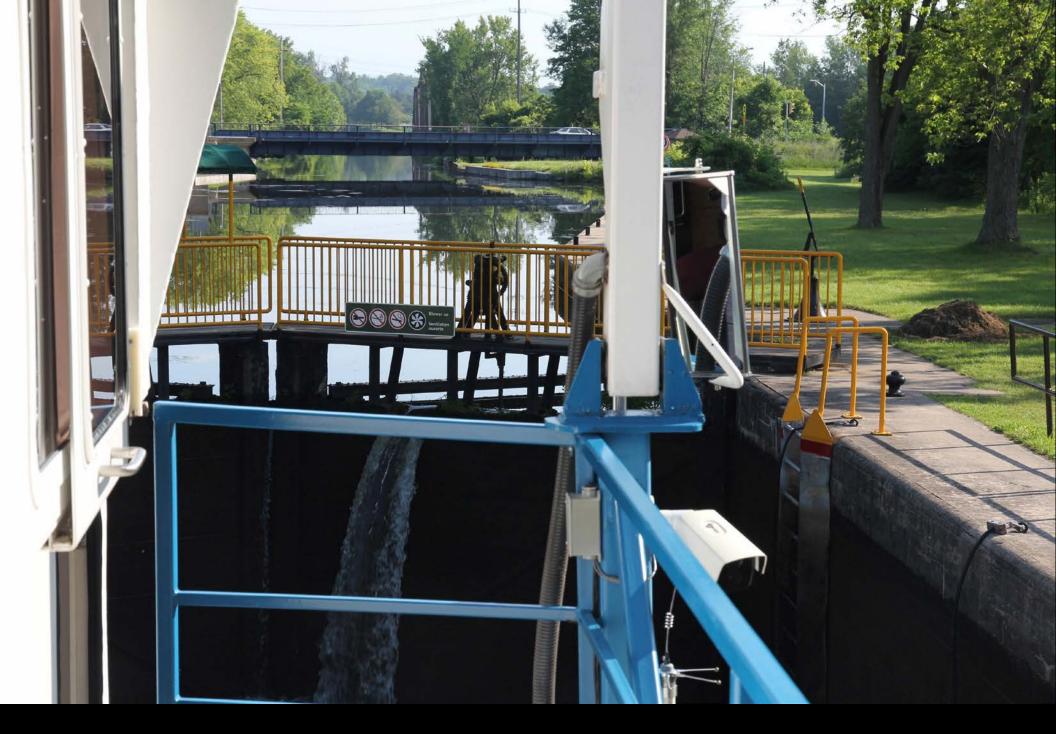
Ashburnham First Mate John checks our clearance as we enter the lock.



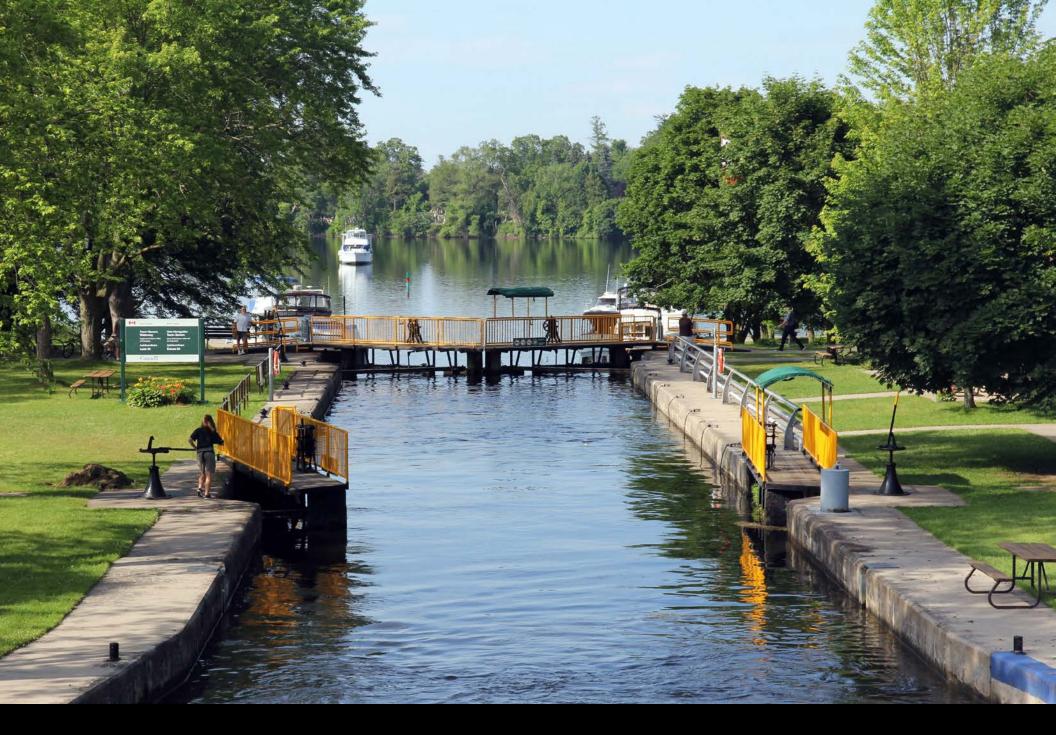
Ashburnham A pleasant sign of things to come. Parks Canada does an incredible job. You won't have to look at pictures of all 23 signs, just some of them.



Ashburnham Ashburnham is one of the old locks that's operated entirely manually, mostly by girls working summer jobs.



Ashburnham For the first part of our trip we will need to be lifted as we go upstream.



Ashburnham Looking back once we're up and exiting the lock we can see our smiling friend closing the lock gate behind us at the left.



Otonabee River This CPR rail swing bridge was built in 1898, and is one of four remaining railway truss bridges over the waterway.



Otonabee River This is the view from the bow deck of the *Kawartha Voyageur*. This folds up against the front of the ship to fit in short locks.



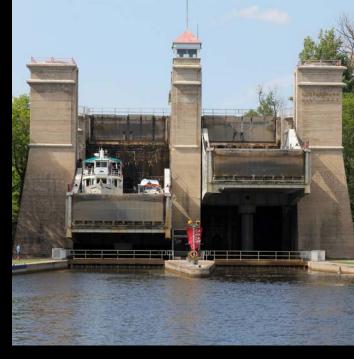
Peterborough Lift Lock Our next lock, the Peterborough Lift Lock, is the highest hydraulic lift lock in the world, raising or lowering boats 65 feet / 20 metres.



Peterborough Lift Lock I'll be riding through on the *Voyageur* so I visited yesterday to get the picture sequence on the next page.







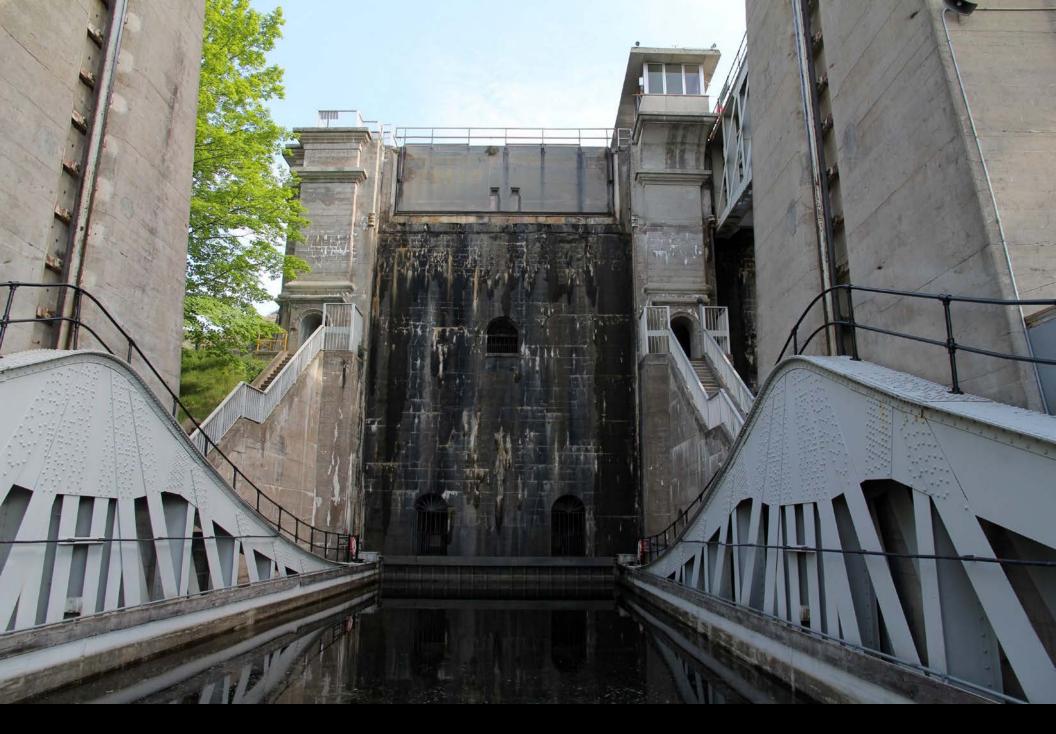






Peterborough Lift Lock

There are two boat chambers supported on interconnected hydraulic rams. Gravity uses the weight of the upper chamber to push the other up as it descends.



Peterborough Lift Lock After we enter the lower chamber the gate behind us folds up to seal us in for the ride up.



Peterborough Lift Lock This massive structure stands almost unchanged since its construction between 1896 and 1904.



Peterborough The other chamber passes us on its way down.

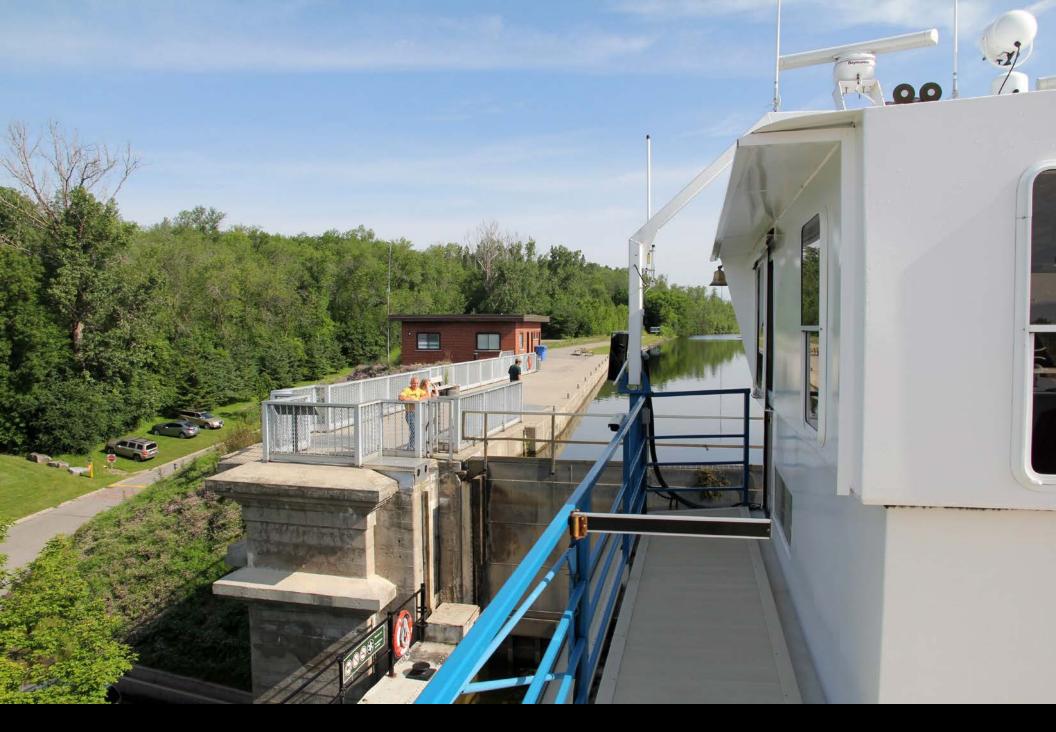
Lift Lock No pumps. Just gravity.



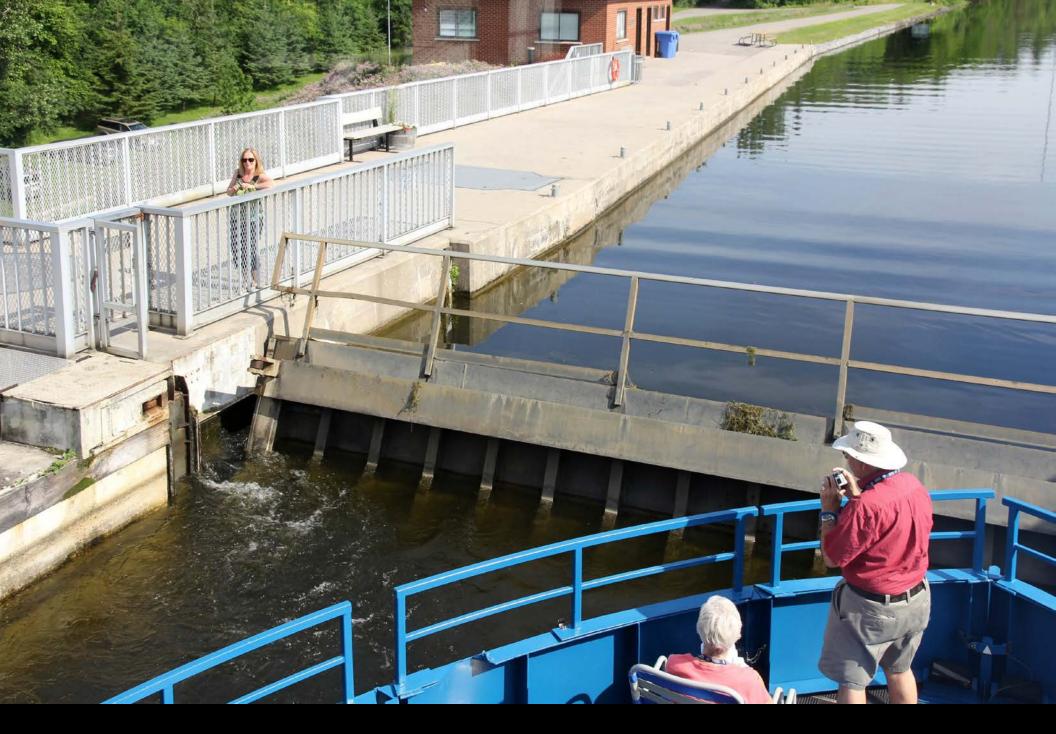
Peterborough Lift Lock The lock staff put a bit more water in the upper chamber to initiate the displacement process.



Peterborough Nearing the top Lift Lock



Peterborough Waiting for the front gate to be lowered ... Lift Lock



Peterborough ... so that we can be on our way.

Lift Lock Thanks for the lift.



Otonabee River The Warsaw Road swing bridge makes way for us as we head up the Otonabee River.



We sail through the middle of Trent University in the northern outskirts of Peterborough.



The Bata Library, the academic heart of the university, is undergoing a major revitalization.



The campus occupies both sides of the Otonabee river ...



... connected primarily by a pedestrian bridge.



Trent (University r

Champlain College has been the recipient of many international awards for architecture.



Otonabee Locks The next section of the waterway contains five locks in a stretch of just six miles.

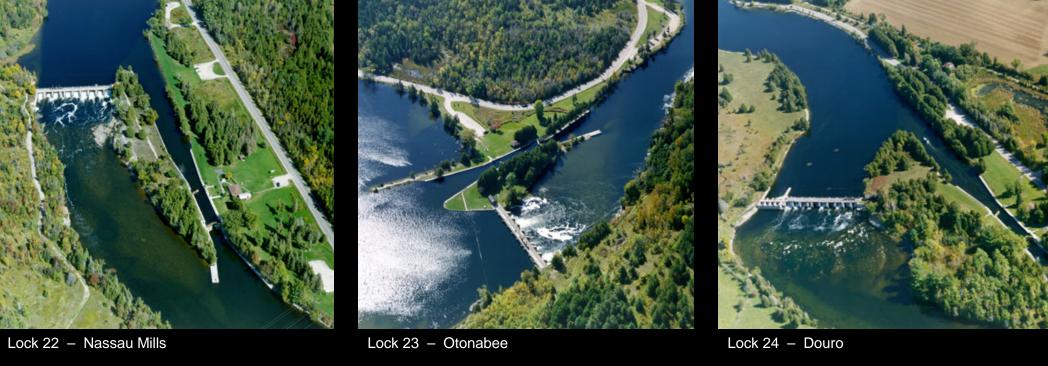


Otonabee Locks Construction of these manually-operated locks began in 1896.

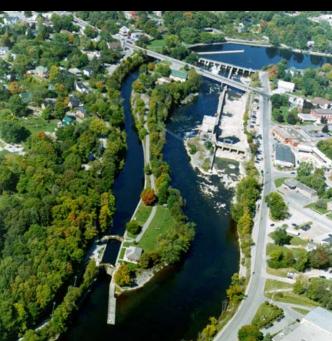


Otonabee Locks

These locks are paired with dams. The dams create the differences in the water levels. The locks allow boats to bypass the dams.







Lock 26 - Lakefield



Lock 27 - Young's Point

Parks Canada Photos



Otonabee River Lock 23, Otonabee.
Some of the dams have associated hydro-electric generating stations.

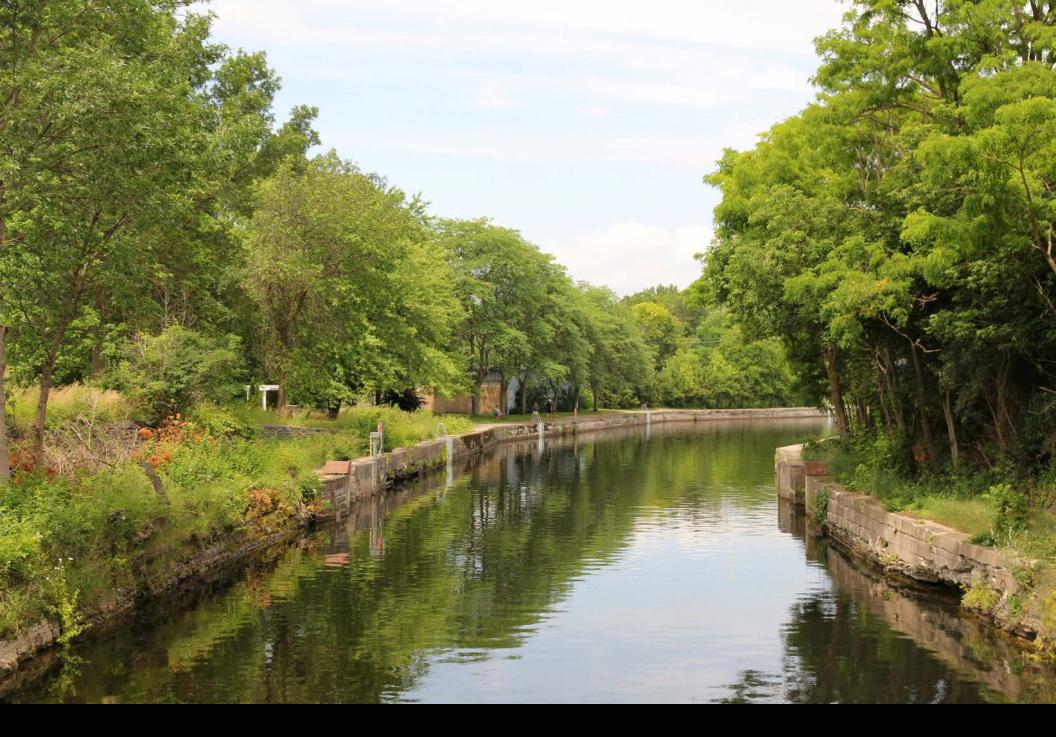


We're still far enough south for there to be some agriculture ...



... and for homes to have lawns.











Clear Lake When a speed boat isn't fast enough it's nice to have your own sea plane.







Clear Lake Summer cottage



Clear Lake Traditional summer cottage



Clear Lake





Stony Lake St. Peter's on-the-Rock, established in 1914, is a popular Anglican church accessible only by boat.



Burleigh Falls





Buckhorn Lower Buckhorn Lake



Buckhorn Closing in on tonight's dockage.



Buckhorn Home sweet home, for tonight.





Bobcaygeon is a booming tourist centre of 3,000. The first Trent-Severn lock was built here in 1833.



Bobcaygeon The name *Bobcaygeon* is an English corruption of the Aboriginal corruption of Samuel de Champlain's 1615 French description of the area as "beau bocage".



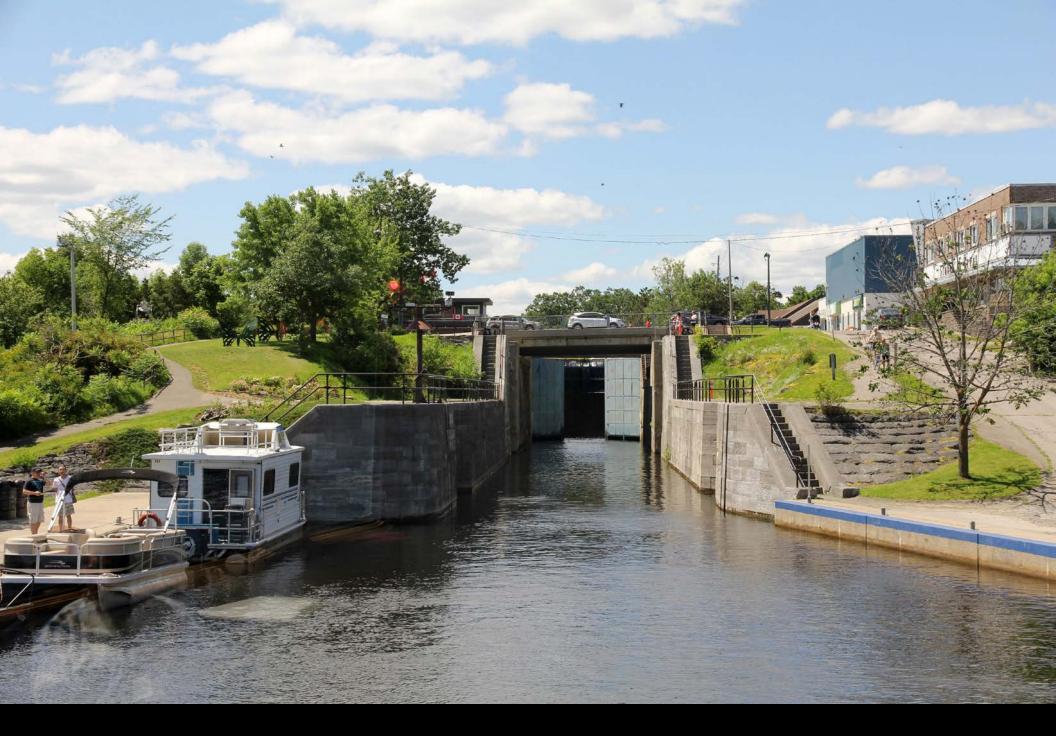
Sturgeon Lake



Sturgeon Lake



Fenelon Falls



Fenelon Falls Fenelon Falls, permanent population 1,800, is the other major tourist town in the Kawartha Lakes region.



Fenelon Falls We're a tourist attraction here in Lock 34 in the middle of Fenelon Falls.



Fenelon Falls The lock is opposite what has become Fenelon Falls' very busy restaurant row.



Cameron Lake One of the very few sailboats we've seen.



Rosedale Lock 35. Closing in on tonight's dockage.





Balsam Lake This is the summit of the Trent-Severn Waterway, and the highest point in North America that a boat can reach from sea level.



Kirkfield Channel We are now travelling downstream, and will need the locks to lower rather than lift us.



Kirkfield Channel This man-made canal, about 6 miles long, cuts into the 2 billion year-old rock of the Canadian Shield. No topsoil here.



Kirkfield Lift Lock Kirkfield is the other lift lock in the system. It was completed in 1907, three years after Peterborough.



Kirkfield Lift Lock This lock lowers or raises boats 49 feet / 15 metres. The lifting structures here are steel rather than concrete.



Kirkfield Lift Lock We had a chance to walk ahead to watch the *Kawartha Voyageur* pass through the lock.









Kirkfield Lift Lock The principle of operation is exactly the same as in Peterborough. The descending chamber holding the *Voyageur* pushes the other one up.



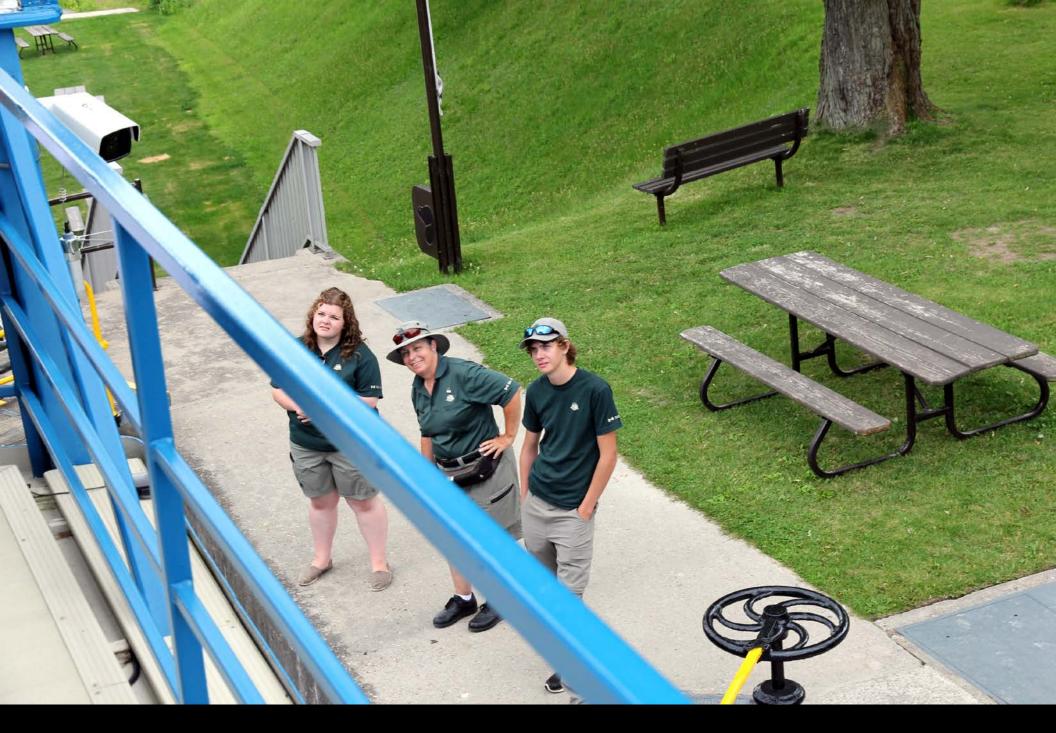
Kirkfield Lift Lock And we're good to go.



Canal Lake This unique archway bridge was completed in 1905. It's a "mass" concrete structure, built without reinforcing.



Talbot River At Lock 37, Bolsover, we head into a series of five Talbot River locks spaced over the next 7 miles / 12 kilometres.



Talbot River Lock 39, Portage. Most of the junior staff are girls. In this case the Lock Master is also a woman.



Talbot River This will turn out to be the last agricultural land we'll see.



Talbot River There's rich soil here as we near the middle of the Lake Simcoe drainage basin.



Talbot River The wheelhouse has been telescoped down to pass under this bridge, but Captain Brian has a hatch for checking clearances.



Talbot River As we clear the Gamebridge lock, the last in the Talbot River sequence, we head out into Lake Simcoe.



Lake Simcoe We head across the lake towards Orillia. Lake Simcoe is the largest lake on the waterway: 300 square miles / 745 square kilometres.



Day 4 Orillia

Orillia, population 30,000, is the largest city we'll visit.



Orillia Couchiching Beach Park. Orillia is actually on Lake Couchiching, just north of Lake Simcoe.



We have time to visit the estate of Stephen Leacock, Canada's best-known humorist. The estate is now a National Historic Site.



Leacock gained fame and fortune as the most popular humorist in the English-speaking world in the 1915 through 1925 period.



Success allowed Leacock to develop this lakeside retreat at Old Brewery Bay, where Lake Simcoe and Lake Couchiching join.



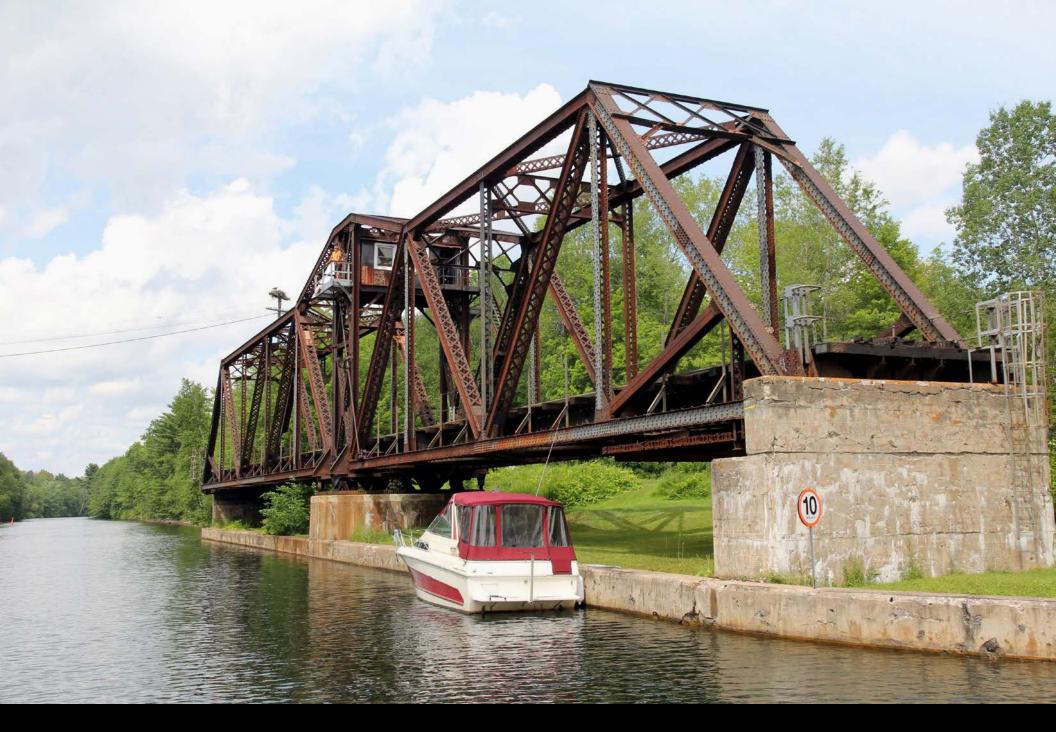
Over his lifetime (1869-1944) Leacock wrote 35 books of humour, most famously *Sunshine Sketches of a Little Town*.



Leacock enjoyed writing in the boathouse / studio on his estate, and enjoyed fishing, sailing, and entertaining friends.



Couchiching The Trent Canal takes us from Lake Couchiching to the Couchiching Lock.



Couchiching What looks like an old relic is actually a vital link in the main trans-Canada freight and passenger route of CN Rail.







Port Stanton Home for tonight.



Port Stanton





Severn River After a leisurely three-mile cruise down Sparrow Lake we rejoin the Severn River for the last leg of our journey.



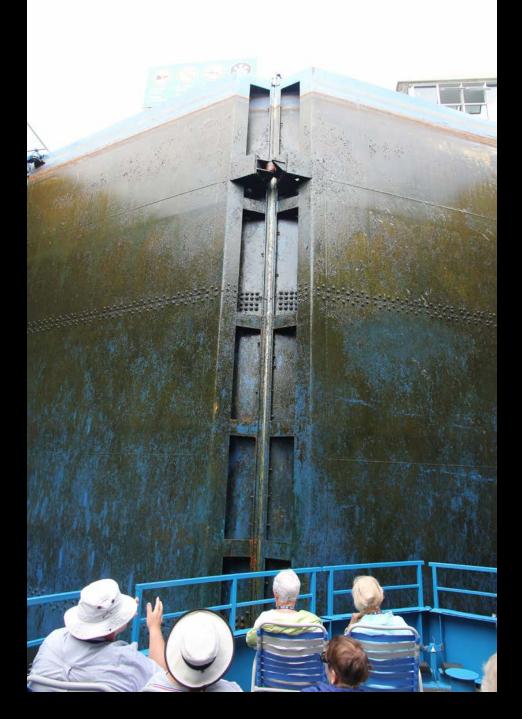
Severn River "Words cannot do justice to the rugged beauty of the Severn, although it has moved many to poetry."

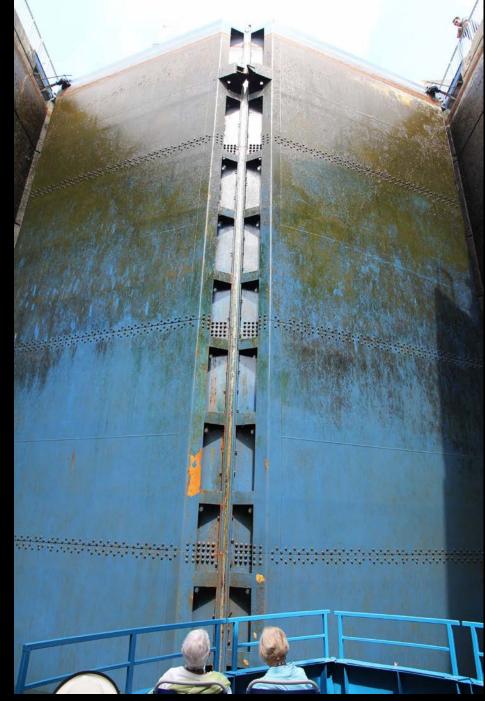


Severn River McDonald's Cut is a man-made channel through the rock of the Canadian Shield that bypasses fast water and treacherous rocks on the Severn.

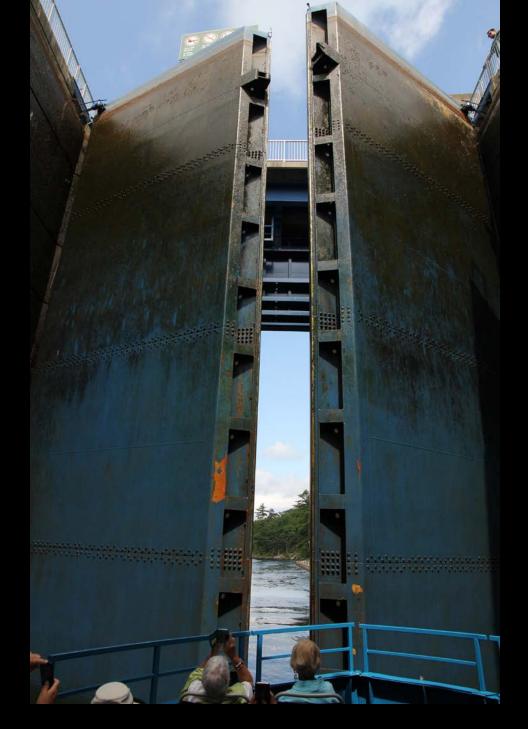


Swift Rapids The Swift Rapids lock, competed in 1965, is the newest and deepest lock on the waterway.





Swift Rapids Going down ... 47 feet / 14 metres.





Swift Rapids And then on our way again.





Big Chute Instead of a conventional lock ... at Big Chute boats are floated onto a partly Marine Railway submerged carriage and then carried on rails up or down an inclined plane.



Big Chute The original marine railway was build as a low-cost temporary Marine Railway measure in 1917 when funds were short because of the War.



Big Chute The new facility, completed in 1977, carries boats Marine Railway over a change of height of 60 feet / 18 metres.









Big Chute Coming up ...
Marine Railway









Big Chute A real traffic stopper ... Marine Railway



Adieu *Voyageur* Our ship is too big for the marine railway, so our cruise must end here. A bus will take us back to Peterborough.



Adieu *Voyageur* But not before we extend a huge thank-you to Captain Brian and the whole amazing *Kawartha Voyageur* crew.

Kawartha Summer Cruise

Reflections



I hoped to see this part of central Ontario from a new perspective and bring back some interesting photos. I'm very happy, and you can judge for yourself about the photos.

About the cruise ...

The Ontario Waterway Cruises company is exceptionally well organized. The ship is clean, neat, and well maintained. The staff is unusually competent and amazingly friendly. The food is great and plentiful. Evening sessions are informative and entertaining.

I enjoyed this cruise but it is not for everyone.

It is designed to be relaxing, not exciting.

The guests were friendly but almost all of them were older than me. They ranged in age up through the nineties. More than half were repeat customers who return year after year.

Sequences of folding up the bow for short locks followed by dropping the upper deck to pass under low bridges keeps you going up and down stairs a lot if you want to be outside.

One caution. The beds are narrow, about 24" wide. I fell out on the first night, but the floor was carpeted. After that you're careful and things are OK.

Kawartha Summer Cruise 2017

History



Lindsay Lock, circa 1920

Behind the scenic beauty of this meandering waterway lies an even more convoluted history, involving businessmen, lumber barons, railway tycoons, at least one egomaniac, and a neverending parade of politicians.

The definitive history by James T. Angus comments: "In some respects the history of the **Trent-Severn Waterway resembles the history of** Canada. One parallels the other. The same political and economic tensions that have constantly beset the country can be identified in the canal's story."

If you're interested, there are links to more details on the website page for this tour.

Trent-Severn Short History PDF is my 3-page summary of highlights.

Wikipedia's 13-page Trent-Severn Waterway article provides more detail.

A Respectable Ditch: A History Of The Trent Severn Waterway, 1833-1920 by James T. Angus (McGill-Queens University Press, 472 pages) is the definitive political history, currently available from Amazon.ca and Chapters.Indigo.ca.

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